PICTURESQUE EVACUATION PLOY

FEATURING NEW WORK BY LIZ MILLER

This catalog was published on the occasion of the exhibition Picturesque Evacuation Ploy, featuring new work by Liz Miller. The exhibition was organized by Redux Contemporary Art Center.

Picturesque Evacuation Ploy Redux Contemporary Art Center October 21 – November 26, 2011

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Interview: Janie Askew and Derrin Compton

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I had the pleasure of working with Liz Miller this past summer when she installed her exhibition *Illusive Insurgency* at 1708 Gallery in Richmond, Virginia. Miller transformed 1708 into a dense jungle of lush pink, bright red and burnt gold hand-cut felt forms. At first arranged in an orderly fashion, Miller's compositions devolved into a tangled cascade as they moved along the gallery walls.

readings, from homemade Valentines to hanging carcasses. In reality, Miller's forms referenced guns, an interest that stemmed from earlier explorations of invasive plant species and the idea that a plant, something associated with beauty, could also be a destructive force. Inspired by the related but reversed question of whether destructive forces might than possess beauty, Miller began to research weaponry, focusing particularly on the intricate, hand-wrought scrollwork of antique guns.

For 1708, Miller focused primarily on the abstract patterns that had been pulled from gun designs. That they elicited such a range of interpretations underscored the ambiguity implicit in the initial premise that if beautiful things can be dangerous, so than can dangerous things be beautiful, and allowed these designs to exist on their own right, divorced from function.

One of the first things that struck me about Miller's installation at Redux was the prominence and specificity of the gun imagery, from the larger and more clearly articulated gun imagery to starburst forms of orange by it, that is so crucial to Miller's installation. paint on the wall and floor and felt pieces in blue and red that read like comic-book gun bursts. In addition, Miller's palette of Miller underscores these more immediate

browns and reds (maroon, brick red) suggested the physical material of guns as well as blood.

Miller appeared to be closing the distance between form and content that marked //lusive Insurgency. Why push the imagery in this direction? The ambiguity of not immediately knowing that the forms were guns, or designs pulled from guns, spoke To our audience, the forms elicited multiple to the complexity of Miller's initial question - if beautiful things can be dangerous, can dangerous things be beautiful. Was she also closing the distance between form and function and offering more of a commentary on her selected content?

> In some sense the exaggerated scale and In the end, I believe that Miller is commenthand-rendered aesthetic rendered null any ing on one's inability to fully know any one implications of violence, or at least dis-thing, that there is always another side, tanced them. In turn the uniformity of her another meaning, another understanding, compositions, which recall an interest in the whether in regards to an abstract form or aesthetics and order of military formations, fell away into a jumbled mass of felt as if to passing judgment but is letting us, the imply a breakdown.

But Miller is not offering a morality lesson. Instead, as she mentions in the interview included in this catalogue, she is interested in ideas of perception, in how we experience and understand things. Miller addresses multiple modes of perception. With the installation at 1708, one asked what am I looking at? There is also often the question: what is the material? There is a sense of not knowing where one form starts and the other begins. And there is the perception of being enveloped by the work, surrounded

There are also the subtle ways in which

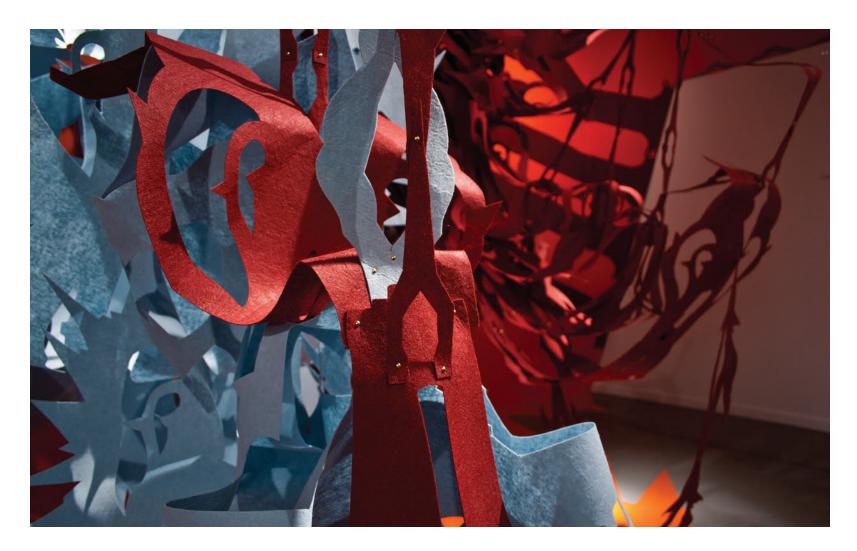
levels of perception, particularly her use of mirror imagery that allows her to duplicate, multiple and mutate her forms. This Rorschach-ian mirroring remarks upon ways in which one mind differs (or is exactly the same) from the next in its reading of forms.

With Miller's work, we are meant to be a little unsettled. The lushness and sensuality of the felt forms that gracefully suspend from walls and ceilings are disquieting. They literally overwhelm through their physicality and their arrangement in space. We are meant to be somewhat taken aback as our eyes (and perceptions) settle and we recognize Miller's imagery.

as loaded a subject as guns. Miller is not viewer, in on her thought processes and her consideration of her own attraction to objects and images with violent associations. That the world is not black and white is nothing new and Miller's bright and varied palette is a very straightforward metaphor of this fact. But such ambiguity also implies a richness and depth in the experience of one's life and Miller's dense layers of associations and meanings demonstrates this fullness of being.

Executive Director, 1708 Gallery Inc.





Director and Derrin Compton, sat imagery with elements of pattern, ornadown with Liz Miller to discuss her ment, and decoration. I am interested work and career as an artist and, more in both the beautiful and sinister asspecifically, her exhibition at Redux, pects of weapons. Aesthetically, swords, "Picturesque Evacuation Ploy."

Liz, your recent installation, "Picturesque Evacuation Ploy," features colorful forms made of cut felt suspended from ceilings and extending from walls, completely transforming Redux's gallery. Can you tell me about the work's title and the general meaning behind the piece?

Redux's Executive My recent work unites weapon-related guns, and knives are gorgeous. Their functionality contradicts this. The elegant silhouette of weapons and their intricately embellished metalwork make them ready vehicles for exploring abstract relationships between decoration and mented configurations of battle and devastation.

> Picturesque Evacuation Ploy, like many of my installations, explores the duplicitous

nature of images, and how easily viewers' perceptions can be manipulated. Through simple, non-technical methods such as symmetry, folding, and rolling, synthetic forms become organic, benign forms become aggressive, and recognizable imagery is camouflaged.

In addition to specific shapes, the choreography of the work echoes the regiconfrontation, particularly marches and firing squads. Upon entering the work, the viewer is forced to walk past a row of weapon-like felt forms that are pointing directly at them. There is some absur- Your background is in Drawing and plastics) migrated out into my studio and beauty, and between synthetic and installations? natural forms and movements.

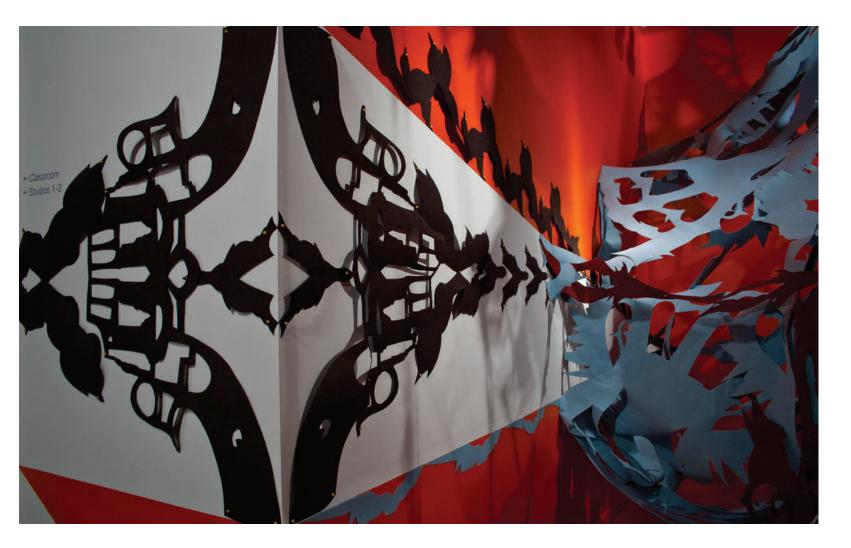
The title is meant to evoke some of those ideas, nudging viewers' readings of the work a bit without being overly didactic or assertive. I use both language and images within the broad parameters of abstraction: I don't want the title to dictate the work in any literal way, or vice versa.

dity at work, since the weapons are con- Painting, and you also teach drawing in a series of architecture-dependent structed of soft, pliable, tactile felt. And and foundations at Minnesota State again, even in this militant lineup, there University. How did you make the transiis a purposeful play between aggression tion from drawing to creating site-specific

> I never set out to be an installation artist. My arrival at this place has been a slow, gradual progression. Even as an undergraduate, I was fascinated by nonart materials and collage. I slowly transitioned from painting to collage-based ing the viewer or changing their experiworks on paper. Eventually, the materi- ence and movement through the space. als I was using (felt, foam, vinyl, flexible I also loved the performative and impro-

experiments. Those experiments later grew into full-fledged works in exhibition

The first time I created a site-specific work in 2004, I experienced a sense of complete exhilaration. I knew immediately that I would follow this path as far as it could take me. I loved the way the work could infiltrate a space, envelop-





visational part of the process. There is a huge on-site problem-solving component, a pressure to make things happen in a given time period. I have a love/hate relationship with that aspect of my practice, but I think I mostly find it challenging in a rewarding way.

I consider my recent work equal parts drawing, painting, and sculpture. I deal with flat planes, three-dimensionality, and all areas between. I "draw" with a scissors. So, while some people are surprised that my background is in painting/ drawing and that I teach drawing, I think it makes perfect sense.

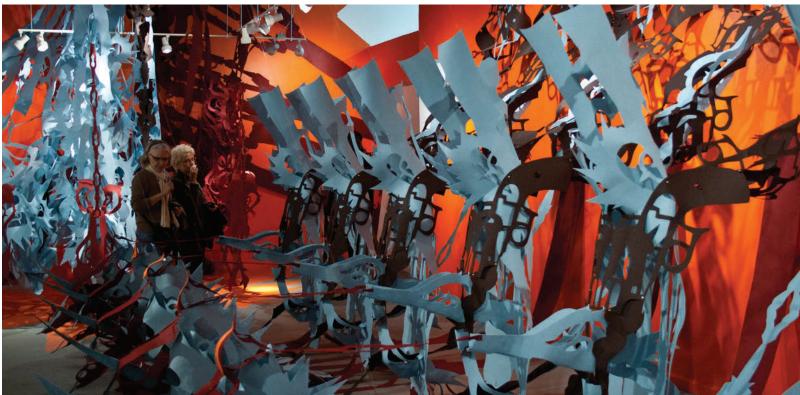
Your transformation of felt, a two-dimensional material, into large three-dimensional structure that fill the gallery was fascinating to watch. Do you visualize the finished piece beforehand or is it a spontaneous process that gradually takes shape as you create it?

My work involves both precise planning me, it's when the magic happens. and improvisation on-site. When I first started creating site-specific installations. I planned, and planned, and planned. There was no room for spontaneity. Eventually, I realized that part of what I found exciting about doing this work were the possibilities that happened in the process of making, and that I was not then I can set limits.

entertaining those possibilities. The work was too planned.

I now try to plan, but also to allow room for new ideas to coalesce on-site. I often joke that my work is 75% planning and 25% improvisation...and that the improvisation is the most important part. For

This idea of play and adaptability with materials also fuels my time in the studio. What can the materials do? How can the shapes interact with each other? I try not to start out by setting limits, but by exploring possibilities. Once I've explored,

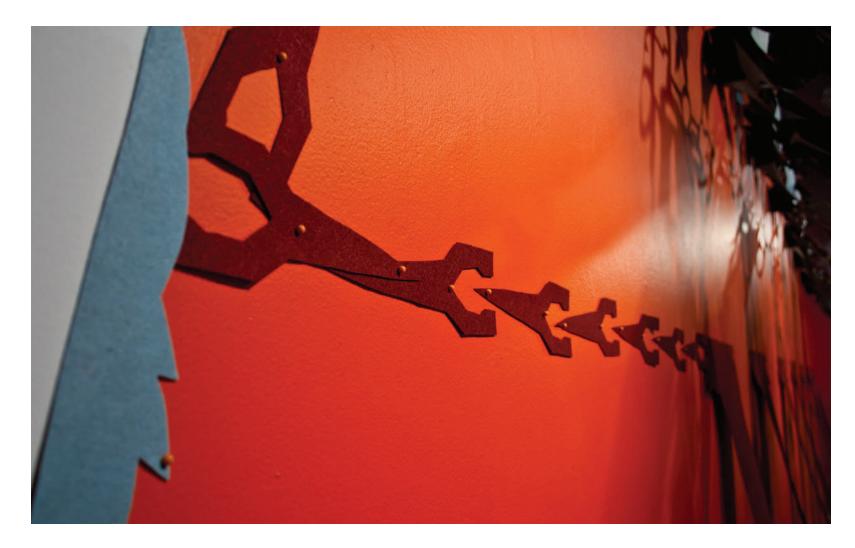


"In addition to specific shapes, the choreography of the work echoes the regimented configurations of battle and confrontation, particularly marches and firing squads. Upon entering the work, the viewer is forced to walk past a row of weapon-like felt forms that are pointing directly at them."

– Liz Miller, 2011









Can you describe the process of preparing and cutting the shapes and assembling the larger forms in the gallery?

Most of the shapes are cut prior to my arrival at a given exhibition space. I create stencils in my studio from projected imalso appreciate this aspect. ages. The stencils are simple cardboard forms. I then trace around those forms Picturesque Evacuation Ploy represent-

Hand cutting is an important part of my process. The slowness of the cutting time represents my thinking time, and the inevitable variances in the forms reward space. the viewer who ventures closer to the work. From a distance, the work appears pristine and precise. On closer inspection, it reveals my hand and has a very human quality that I enjoy. I hope viewers

ed a unique opportunity in that I had the luxury of being at Redux for three weeks. The generous install period allowed for more on-site cutting than I typically have. I would say that approximately 1/3 of the forms for this project were cut in the

The work gains its shape (literally and metaphorically) through the way the forms are connected, pulled, suspended, pinned, and otherwise attached to one another and to the space. I utilize low-tech methods to create complex sculptural configurations. For example,

the forms in this installation were attached to one another with tiny scrapbooking brads. I love the idea of making something complex through very simple, straightforward, non-technical processes. I often describe the folding of forms as 'wonky origami'.

This installation involved several structured linear sequences as well as a more organic explosive element. The structured linear elements involve a kind of precision that is hard to achieve with such a pliable material. I enjoy this challenge, and the effect it garners.

Your installations mask recognizable imagery. Why do you choose to imbed these images within your work, and how do those images affect the way your audience interprets the piece?

I don't really want the work to be "about" weapons or other specific imagery. Instead, I prefer to frame my work around the precariousness of perception and the possibilities for new forms, meanings, and narratives within that precariousness. The forms I reference in my work have innate meaning, but also become explored, then I can set limits." vehicles for manipulation.

"This idea of play and adaptability with materials also fuels my time in the studio. What can the materials do? How can the shapes interact with each other? I try not to start out by setting limits, but by exploring possibilities. Once I've









I am certainly interested in the beautiful, allows for a narrative that rolls all the left more space for them to walk around. intricate formal qualities of weapons, as potential meanings into a new, well as their use and their history. How- unexpected story. ever, once they become part of my work they tend to take on new lives. Simple What are some of the most interesting manipulation of the shapes through bending and folding and their recom- have had your work? bination with other shapes allows for alternate meanings.

Still, I don't think the alternative readings and associations and transforming it uncomfortable, and that I should have Lastly, I like the narrative potential the

observations and interpretations viewers

of my favorite remarks about this project was related to the viewer's role. Someone would be as interesting if I were starting commented that they were "forced" to with forms that were more complacent. proceed through the first series of struc- material is exciting. Taking something ripe with meanings tured shapes in a way that made them

This actually made me happy, because it confirmed that I am actively altering the way people proceed through the space, and that the path I'm creating isn't always the most comfortable. I utilized this soft material in a way that makes it I'm interested in every observation. One confrontational. Some viewers thought Picturesque Evacuation Ploy was made of metal! The idea that I can transcend expectations and associations for a given





work can evoke. It's fun to hear view- ons, particularly rifles, was utilized to cre- that is manifested through my process. ers create their own fictions as they walk at enew stencils on-site. through the work. Many picked up on the combative forms in this project, and As a Midwesterner, I was also interestsynthetic and organic forms.

work over the course of three weeks where your audience can see the work Charleston and working at Redux bring lation. any additional elements to your work?

It's thrilling to create the actual components of a work for a specific space, in that space! The physical architecture of Redux certainly influenced the work, as tion or decoration in your work? did the geography and history of Charles-

many also commented on the collision of ed in the fact that Charleston is on the ocean: not just in relation to how that shaped the battles fought there, but also What is it like to create a site-specific on terms of the aquatic species of the region and the character of the landscape. I thought of how I might utilize some of as it takes shape and interact with you the weapon-forms to create an organic from the very beginning? Did being in quality in portions of the finished instal-

> Your work draws in the viewer with its beauty and then captivates them with its ambiguous messages. Do you consciously place more emphasis on narra-

ton. When thinking about war, a city like I feel that the form and content of the Charleston has a huge amount of history work are inextricably linked. I don't think to consider. For example, The Charleston of decoration as something slapped on Museum's collection of Civil War weap- top of the work, but rather something I bring back all of these materials, and

In what direction is your work headed from here? Any new processes or methods you have been working on for future

I continue to experiment with new strategies for dimensionality in my work, exploring how I can utilize tension between the walls, floor, and ceiling to give the work a sense of structure that belies its materiality. While I'd like to continue to utilize soft, pliable materials, I am open to exploring possibilities that have not previously been part of my material palette.

I am starting to do some additional research related to specific weapons, including a trip to the Smithsonian in Washington, DC to research weapons and military uniforms.

images, and ideas and let them comingle in the studio, and then respond. I am very much a studio artist: My studio is where ture or exhibition space. At the other end Of course, now I see that there are a new ideas happen. I am good at playing with materials.

Since I've just completed quite a few large-scale projects, I am enjoying doing a new round of works on paper. Unlike previous works on paper, these are "popup" works, coming off the page significantly. Even though the scale of these works is miniscule in comparison to my installations (about 14" x 10"), I feel that they are suggesting many new possibilities for my large projects.

What is something that you have always wanted to do with your art but have not vet done?

I'm interested in working on some auton-

omous sculptural works that could func- power tools and machismo attitudes. tion independent of a specific architecof the spectrum, I'm investigating new possibilities for my installations. These include more dramatic use of light and shadow, changes in materials, and other ways to create even more immersive environments.

What artists, living or dead, do you admire, and what artists inspire you to make art?

I admire the work of a variety of artists, for a variety of reasons. When I was young, Polly Apfelbaum and Jessica Stockholder were very influential to me. Their work situates itself somewhere between painting, drawing and sculpture. They made Isermann, to name just a few. me see painting in an entirely new way! There are so many things I haven't done! I loved the fact that they were women making big, bold, ambitious works that didn't seem completely preoccupied with

scrapbooking brads."

"The work gains its shape (literally and metaphori-

cally) through the way the forms are connected,

tached to one another and to the space. I utilize

low-tech methods to create complex sculptural

configurations. For example, the forms in this in-

stallation were attached to one another with tiny

pulled, suspended, pinned, and otherwise at-

plethora of male and female artists engaging in practices that straddle the disciplines of painting, drawing, and sculpture and use materials in unexpected and innovative ways.

I appreciate the research element in many contemporary works, but am most drawn to works that combine fact and fiction--that use the imagination, as well as works that blur disciplinary boundaries. I love the aggressive, sculptural paintings of Katharina Grosse, the biomorphic, soft sculpture landscapes of Ernesto Neto, and the fusion of art and design sensibilities in the work of Jorge Pardo and Jim



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ARTIST STATEMENT

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SOLO EXHIBITIONS

Techno Deluge, Mercer Union, Toronto,

Resplendent Reconnaissance, Sioux

Impudent Instant Message, Gould Li-

brary, Carleton College, Northfield, MN

City Art Center, Sioux City, IA 2006 Ostentatious Onslaught, Fort Collins Museum of Contemporary Art, Fort

Ontario, CAN

Collins, CO

RIISI SIAIEWENI	SULU	EXHIDITIONS	
Ity mixed media installations and drawings acontextualize simplified shapes, signs and ymbols from disparate historical and contemporary imagery to create abstract fictions. Existing forms from a multitude of sources are proposed, altered, and spliced to adopt hybrid lentities. Through the process of appropriation and subsequent recombination, shapes use their real-world connotations and take in fictitious roles. Forged relationships between benign and malignant forms confuse the riginal implications of each while revealing the recariousness of perception and how easily it can be tampered with. Recent projects pit Badeue and Gothic pattern and ornament against the propositional pairings create duplications environments where conflicting messages are conveyed. The use of felt, foam, and other actile materials further complicates questions of source, masking the identity of forms while allowing them to inhabit both sculptural and wordimensional space.	2011	Nefarious Hybrid, Plains Art Museum, Fargo, ND	200
		Capricious Eradication Prototype, Louisiana Tech, Ruston, LA	
		Picturesque Evacuation Ploy, Redux Contemporary Art Center, Charleston, SC	
		Shaping Space, Coe College, Cedar Rapids, IA	200
		Illusive Insurgency, 1708 Gallery, Richmond, VA	
		Ornamental Invasion, Minneapolis Institute of Arts, Minneapolis, MN	
		Repetitive Deception Scheme, Haas Gallery of Art, Bloomsburg University, Bloomsburg, PA	201
	2010	Exponential Growth, Sister Rosaire Gallery, St. Mary's College, South Bend, IN	
	2009	Cataclysmic Rescue Mission, Harcourt House Arts Centre, Edmonton, Alberta, CAN	
	2008	Self-Sustaining Debacle, Contemporary Art Center of Virginia, Virginia Beach, VA	

2005	Home-Grown Invasion, Bloomington Art Center, Bloomington, MN				
	Systemic Attack, Franklin Art Works, Project Space, Minneapolis, MN				
	Systemic Detour, MFA Thesis Exhibition, Katherine Nash Gallery, Minneapolis, MN				
2004	Serendipitous Hybrid, Rochester Art Center, Rochester, MN				
	The Failure of an Eloquent Defense, Christensen Center Gallery, Minneapolis, MN				
GROUP EXHIBITIONS					
2010	Systematizing, Gallery of Contemporary Art, University of Colorado, Colorado Springs, CO				
2010	Art, University of Colorado, Colorado				
2010	Art, University of Colorado, Colorado Springs, CO Systematics, Soo Visual Arts Center,				
2010	Art, University of Colorado, Colorado Springs, CO Systematics, Soo Visual Arts Center, Minneapolis, MN Vertical Currency: Five Years of				
2010	Art, University of Colorado, Colorado Springs, CO Systematics, Soo Visual Arts Center, Minneapolis, MN Vertical Currency: Five Years of Emerging Artists, RAC, Rochester, MN Constant Sorting, University of				
2010	Art, University of Colorado, Colorado Springs, CO Systematics, Soo Visual Arts Center, Minneapolis, MN Vertical Currency: Five Years of Emerging Artists, RAC, Rochester, MN Constant Sorting, University of Wisconsin Oshkosh, Oshkosh, WI Off the Wall, Form + Content,				

2008 Jerome Fellows 2007-08, MCAD

Gallery, Minneapolis, MN

	Latitude, NYCAMS Gallery, New York, NY
2007	Urban Fabric, Traffic Zone Center for Visual Art, Minneapolis, MN
	Artist Initiative Grant Exhibition, Minne sota State Arts Board, St. Paul, MN
	Latitude, Fieldgate Gallery, London, U
	Mary Day, Susan Knight, and Liz Miller BC Projects, Omaha, NE
	Environments of Invention, Minnesota Museum of American Art, Minneapolis, MN
2006	8x8x8: LON/MSP/NYC, The Soap Factory, Minneapolis, MN
	Perform/Install, South Bend Regional Museum of Art, South Bend, IN
2004	Trickle Down, Firehouse Gallery, Burlington, VT
	Proliferate: Drawing in Space, Accumulating in Time, Foster Gallery, Eau Claire, WI
	Box Fresh, The Soap Factory, Minneapolis, MN
	Untitled III, Soo Visual Arts Center, Minneapolis, MN
1999	1999 BFA Thesis Exhibition,

AWARDS AND HONORS		SELECTED BIBLIOGRAPHY		
2011	Joan Mitchell Foundation Painters & Sculptors Grant	2008	Nature: Inspiration for Art & Design. Barcelona: Monsa. 2008.	
2011- 2012	McKnight Artist Fellowship for Visual Artists		Abbe, Mary. "Midterm Report." Minneapolis Star Tribune. Oct. 10, 2008.	
2009	Artist Initiative Grant, Minnesota State Arts Board		Klefstad, Ann. "Assessing the 2007-2008 MCAD/Jerome Fellows."	
2007- 2008	MCAD/Jerome Foundation Fellowship for Emerging Artists	2007	mnartists Oct. 13, 2008. Coomer, Martin. "Latitude." <i>Time Out London.</i> Jan 31-Feb.6, 2007, p 45.	
2007	Artist Initiative Grant, Minnesota State Arts Board		Tactile: High Touch Visuals.M Ed. R Klanten, S. Ehmann, M. Huebner. Berlin: Die Gestalten Verlag.	
2007	Bemis Center for Contemporary Arts, Omaha, NE		Klefstad, Ann. "Our Invented World(s). Mn Arts Weekly 1.2.	
			DeLand, Lauren. "8 x 8 x 8 at the Soap Factory", Review. September 2006, pp. 64-67.	
			New American Paintings: Juried- Exhibition-in-Print, No. 65., pp. 94-97, "Juror's Comments."	
			Rivers, Karen. "Mixing Media", South Bend Tribune. July 23, 2006.	
			Argintineau, Judy. "Exponential Expressions", <i>Minneapolis Star Tribune</i> May 7, 2006, p. F2.	
			Fallon Michael "Liz Miller at Franklin	

Fallon, Michael. "Liz Miller at Franklin

Art Works." Art in America. Feb. 2006.

pp.138-139.

